

Annex A-1

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

R.Y. I [REDACTED]

I, Eduardo A. Sahaqun, a national of Filipino, of legal age and a resident of [REDACTED] after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law, hereby declare that:

1. I am a nominee for independent director of OceanaGold (Philippines), Inc. ("OGP").
2. I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations (including government-owned and controlled corporations):

COMPANY/ORGANIZATION	POSITION/RELATIONSHIP	PERIOD OF SERVICE
Philcement Corporation	Member and Managing Director, Board of Directors	2017 to 2026
PHINMA Corporation	Member, Board of Directors	
Union Galvasteel Corporation	Member, Board of Directors	2017 to 2026
PHINMA Solar Energy Corporation	Member, Board of Directors	2017 to 2026
Edcommerce Corporation	Chairman, Board of Directors	2017 to present

3. I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an independent director of OGP, as provided for in the Revised Corporation Code, the Securities Regulation Code and its implementing rules and regulations ("SRC IRR"), and circulars and other issuances of the Securities and Exchange Commission.
4. I am related to the following director/officer/substantial shareholder of OGP and its [subsidiaries] affiliates other than the relationship provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the SRC IRR (where applicable):

NAME OF DIRECTOR/OFFICER/SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDER	COMPANY	NATURE OF RELATIONSHIP
NA		

5. I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding; OR I disclose that I am the subject of the following criminal/administrative investigation or proceeding (as the case may be):

OFFENSE CHARGED/INVESTIGATED	TRIBUNAL OR AGENCY INVOLVED	STATUS
NA		

6. (For those in government service/affiliated with a government agency or government-owned and controlled corporations) I have the required permission from the (head of the agency/department) N/A to be an independent director in OGP, pursuant to Office of the President Memorandum Circular No. 17 and Section 12, Rule XVIII of the Revised Civil Service Rules.

- 7. I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Revised Corporation Code, the Securities Regulation Code and the SRC IRR, the Code of Corporate Governance and circulars and other issuances of the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 8. I shall inform the Corporate Secretary of OceanaGold (Philippines), Inc. of any changes in the abovementioned information within five days from its occurrence.

Done, this 11th day of March 2026, at Makati City.

[Redacted Signature]

Affiant's Signature over Printed Name

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
Makati City) ss.

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 11th day of March 2026 at Makati City, affiant personally appeared before me and exhibited to me his/her [Redacted] issued at [Redacted] on [Redacted]

Doc. No. 33 ;
Page No. 8 ;
Book No. 3 ;
Series of 2026.

KISHA CARIZZE L. BISMANOS
Notary Public for Makati City
Appointment No. M-274 until December 31, 2026

[Redacted]

[Redacted]



Annex A-2

RECEIVED
MAR 11 2026

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

BY: [REDACTED]

I, Gregory L. Domingo, a national of Filipino, of legal age and a resident of [REDACTED] after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law, hereby declare that:

1. I am a nominee for independent director of OceanaGold (Philippines), Inc. ("OGP") and have been its independent director since 25 January 2024.
2. I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations (including government-owned and controlled corporations):

COMPANY/ORGANIZATION	POSITION/RELATIONSHIP	PERIOD OF SERVICE
SM Investment Corporation	Board Adviser Executive Director Independent Director	April 2017 – Present July 2006 – June 2010 2005-2006
BDO Private Bank	Director	2016-Present July 2006 – June 2010
Alternergy Holdings Corporation	Director	June 2022- December 2025
Kinpo Electronics (Philippines), Inc.	Consultant	January 2022- Present
Confiar Land Inc.	Director	September 2021 – Present
Alsons/AWS Information Systems Inc.	Director	July 2020 – Present

3. I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an independent director of OGP, as provided for in the Revised Corporation Code, the Securities Regulation Code and its implementing rules and regulations ("SRC IRR"), and circulars and other issuances of the Securities and Exchange Commission.
4. I am related to the following director/officer/substantial shareholder of OGP and its [subsidiaries and] affiliates other than the relationship provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the SRC IRR (where applicable):

NAME OF DIRECTOR/ OFFICER/SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDER	COMPANY	NATURE OF RELATIONSHIP
NA		

5. I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding; OR I disclose that I am the subject of the following criminal/administrative investigation or proceeding (as the case may be):

OFFENSE CHARGED/INVESTIGATED	TRIBUNAL OR AGENCY INVOLVED	STATUS
NA		

6. (For those in government service/affiliated with a government agency or government-owned and controlled corporations) I have the required permission from *the* (head of the agency/department) to be an independent director in OGP, pursuant to Office of the President Memorandum Circular No. 17 and Section 12, Rule XVIII of the Revised Civil Service Rules.

7. I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Revised Corporation Code, the Securities Regulation Code and the SRC IRR, the Code of Corporate Governance and circulars and other issuances of the Securities and Exchange Commission.
8. I shall inform the Corporate Secretary of OGP of any changes in the abovementioned information within five days from its occurrence.

Done, this 10th day of March 2026, at Makati City.

[Redacted Signature]

GREGORY E. DOMINGO
Affiant's Signature over Printed Name

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
MAKATI CITY) ss.

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 10th of March 2026 at Makati City, affiant personally appeared before me and exhibited to me his/her [Redacted] issued at [Redacted]

Doc. No. 52 ;
Page No. 12 ;
Book No. II ;
Series of 2026.

DST Paid
Serial No.: 09726220
10 MAR 2026

[Redacted Signature]
STEFFI MARIE S. JACOB
Notary Public for Makati City
Appointment No. M-346 until December 31, 2026

[Redacted Signature]

Annex A-3

RECEIVED
MAR 11 2023

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

BY [REDACTED]

I, Mia G. Gentugaya, a national of Filipino, of legal age and a resident of a [REDACTED] after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law, hereby declare that:

1. I am a nominee for independent director of OceanaGold (Philippines), Inc. ("OGP") and have been its independent director since 24 February 2024.
2. I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations (including government-owned and controlled corporations):

COMPANY/ORGANIZATION	POSITION/RELATIONSHIP	PERIOD OF SERVICE
BW Shipping Philippines, Inc.	Director/Corporate Secretary	1987 – 2026
Celadon Holdings, Inc.	Director	1993 – 2026
Chamomile Holdings, Inc.	Director/President	1994 – 2026
Hibiscus Holdings, Inc.	Director	1993 – 2026
Graymont Holdings (Philippines), Inc.	Director	2023 – 2026
Graymont Manila, Inc.	Director	2023 – 2026
Graymont (Philippines), Inc.	Director	2023 – 2026
Philippine Capital Commercial, Inc.	Independent Director	2019 – 2026
Synbiotic Food Corporation	Director/Corporate Secretary	2018 – 2026
Harbour Land Corporation	Director	2023 – 2026
Rogo Realty Corporation	Director	2023 – 2026
Academy for Children of All Abilities Philippines, Inc. DBA The Vanguard Academy	Director	2021 – 2026

3. I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an independent director of OGP, as provided for in the Revised Corporation Code, the Securities Regulation Code and its implementing rules and regulations ("SRC IRR"), and circulars and other issuances of the Securities and Exchange Commission.
4. I am related to the following director/officer/substantial shareholder of OGP and its [subsidiaries and] affiliates other than the relationship provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the SRC IRR (where applicable):

NAME OF DIRECTOR/ OFFICER/SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDER	COMPANY	NATURE OF RELATIONSHIP
NA		

5. I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding; OR I disclose that I am the subject of the following criminal/administrative investigation or proceeding (as the case may be):

OFFENSE CHARGED/INVESTIGATED	TRIBUNAL OR AGENCY INVOLVED	STATUS
NA		

6. (For those in government service/affiliated with a government agency or government-owned and controlled corporations) I have the required permission from *the (head of the agency/department)* N/A to be an independent director in OGP, pursuant to Office of the President Memorandum Circular No. 17 and Section 12, Rule XVIII of the Revised Civil Service Rules.
7. I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Revised Corporation Code, the Securities Regulation Code and the SRC IRR, the Code of Corporate Governance and circulars and other issuances of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

8. I shall inform the Corporate Secretary of OceanaGold (Philippines), Inc. of any changes in the abovementioned information within five days from its occurrence.

Done, this 10th day of March 2026, at Makati City.

[Redacted Signature]

MIA G. GENTUGAYA
Affiant's Signature over Printed Name

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
MAKATI CITY) ss.

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 10th of March 2026 at Makati city, affiant personally appeared before me and exhibited to me his/her [Redacted] issued [Redacted]

Doc. No. 56 ;
Page No. 13 ;
Book No. 1 ;
Series of 2026.

[Redacted]



STEFFI MARIE P. JACOB
Notary Public for Makati City
Appointment No. M-346 until December 31, 2026

[Redacted]

Annex B

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULT OF OPERATION

Please refer to **item 6** of the Company's Annual Report for the year ended 31 December 2025 (attached hereto as Annex "C") prepared in conformity with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards and accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements, which should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements. Please also refer to the unaudited condensed interim financial statements of the Company as at and for the period ended March 31, 2026 (with comparative figures as at December 31, 2025 and for the period ended March 31, 2025), attached hereto as Annex "D".

For the brief description of the general nature and scope of the business of the Company, please refer to item 1 of the Company's Annual Report (see page 11 of Annex C).

MARKET FOR ISSUER'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Market Information

The Company's shares are actively traded in the Main Board of The Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. (the "Exchange").

The high and low stock prices per share for each quarter in 2024 and 2025, and the first quarter of 2026, were as follows:

Period	2024		2025		2026	
	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
January 1 – March 31	N/A	N/A	16.90	13.94	40.50	28.50
April 1 - June 30	15.50	12.28	17.40	14.60	-	-
July 1 – September 30	15.00	12.74	26.95	16.30	-	-
October 1 – December 31	16.46	13.64	33.30	24.25	-	-

As of 30 April 2026, the closing price for the Company's common shares on the PSE was Php 33.50 per share.

Holders

The Company's capital stock consists of common shares. As of 30 April 2026, a total of 2,127,096,021 shares or 93.29% of the outstanding capital stock of the Company are owned by foreigners.

As of 30 April 2026, there are 21 stockholders and there are 2,280,000,000 common shares issued and outstanding.

The following are the list of top twenty (20) stockholders of the Company as of 30 April 2026.

	Name	Nationality	Number of Shares	Ownership Percentage
1.	OceanaGold (Philippines) Holdings, Inc.	Dutch	1,823,999,992	80%
2.	PCD Nominee Corporation	Non-Filipino	301,622,425	13.23%
3.	PCD Nominee Corporation	Filipino	136,922,725	06.01%
4.	Pryce Corporation	Filipino	10,635,450	0.47%
5.	Pryce Gases, Inc.	Filipino	3,761,500	0.16%
6.	Shaghayegh Nikaein	Iranian	1,450,000	0.06%

	Name	Nationality	Number of Shares	Ownership Percentage
7.	Josefina Multi-Ventures Corporation	Filipino	759,600	0.03%
8.	PGI Retirement Fund, Inc.	Filipino	635,000	0.03%
9.	Don Manuel Investments Corporation	Filipino	183,600	0.01%
10.	Chang-Le Lin	Taiwanese	23,600	0.00%
11.	John James Centeno Dizon	Filipino	4,000	0.00%
12.	Shanley Matthew Gallardo Lumagod	Filipino	1,100	0.00%
13.	Leovillo Dela Cruz Agustin	Filipino	1,000	0.00%
14.	Joan D. Adaci-Cattiling	Filipino	1	0.00%
15.	Marius van Niekerk	South African	1	0.00%
16.	Liang Tang	Australian	1	0.00%
17.	Brian Douglas Martin	Canadian	1	0.00%
18.	David John Bickerton	Australian	1	0.00%
19.	Gregory Domingo	Filipino	1	0.00%
20.	Tomasa H. Lipana	Filipino	1	0.00%
21.	Mia G. Gentugaya	Filipino	1	0.00%
Total			2,280,000,000	100%

Dividends

The Company's dividend policy, effective as of May 13, 2024, targets the payment of a dividend equivalent to at least 90% of the Company's Free Cash Flow generated during the period, with such dividends to be paid either quarterly or semi-annually at the discretion of the Board based on the previous year's unrestricted retained earnings. The Board and management of the Company periodically review the financial condition of the Company and consider the appropriateness of the actual dividend amount, taking into consideration, among other matters, the Company's financial condition, working capital requirements, latest estimates of forecast capital expenditure to sustain and grow the Company and other investment programs, and where applicable any prospective debt service requirements. Dividends are declared and paid out of the Company's unrestricted retained earnings and are payable in cash, property or stock to all shareholders on the basis of outstanding stock held by them. Dividends are declared in U.S. dollars and paid to the holders of publicly traded shares in Pesos, which are translated based on the prevailing exchange rate at the date the payment is processed.

The Company has declared the following dividends in 2024 and 2025:

Date of Declaration	Record Date	Payment Date	Type	Dividend Per Share (USD) ¹	Peso Equivalent	Total* (USD)
2024						
May 9 ²	May 9	May 10		0.0130	N/A	30,000,000
July 31	August 14	September 11	Cash	0.0066	0.37	15,000,000
November 6	November 20	December 16	Cash	0.0138	0.80	31,500,000
2025						
February 19	March 6	April 1	Cash	0.0100	0.57	22,800,000

¹ The Company's functional currency is US\$.

² Pre-listing dividends

May 7	May 22	June 18	Cash	0.0075	0.42	17,100,000
August 6	August 22	September 18	Cash	0.0110	0.63	25,100,000
November 5	November 20	December 17	Cash	0.0140	0.83	31,900,000
2026						
February 18	March 5	March 31	Cash	0.0167	1.00	38,100,000
May 6	May 21	June 17	Cash	0.0196	1.00 ³	44,700,000

* See Note 11 of the Audited Financial Statements at and for the year ended December 31, 2025. The figures herein are net of equity share of the claim owner.

There are no restrictions that limit the Company's ability to declare dividends other than those imposed under the Revised Corporation Code.

Recent Sale of Unregistered Securities

The following securities of the registrant were sold by the Company within the past three years which were not registered under the SRC:

Date of Issuance of Shares	Buyer	Amount and Title of Securities Sold	Underwriters	Consideration (Php)	Exemption from Registration Claimed
February 24, 2024	OceanaGold (Philippines) Holdings, Inc.	1,702,499,997 Common Shares	None	170,249,999.70	SRC, Section 10.1 (k)
February 24, 2024	Mia G. Gentugaya	1 Common Share	None	0.10	SRC, Section 10.1 (k)
January 30, 2024	Gregory L. Domingo	1 Common Share	None	0.10	SRC, Section 10.1 (k)
January 26, 2024	Tomas H. Lipana	1 Common Share	None	0.10	SRC, Section 10.1 (k)

Financial Statements

The Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2025 is attached hereto as Annex "C".

Information on Independent Accountant

The external auditor of the Company is the accounting firm of Isla Lipana & Co. ("**Isla Lipana**"), a member firm of the PwC Network. The Board, upon the recommendation of the Company's Audit and Board Risk Oversight Committee, approved the reappointment of Isla Lipana as the Company's independent auditor for 2025 based on their performance and qualifications.

The Audit and Risk Committee is composed of Tomasa H. Lipana as Chairman, and Gregory L. Domingo, Mia G. Gentugaya, Marius van Niekerk and Brian Douglas Martin as members.

³ Dividend to holders of publicly traded shares will be paid in Philippines Pesos based on the PHP:USD exchange rate on the day the payment is processed.

The reappointment of Isla Lipana will be presented to the stockholders for their approval at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

Representatives of Isla Lipana for the current year and for the most recently completed fiscal year are expected to be present at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting. They will have the opportunity to make a statement if they desire to do so and are expected to be available to respond to appropriate questions.

Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

Isla Lipana audited the Company's financial statements as of and for the years ended 31 December 2025, 2024 and 2023 in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing.

Isla Lipana has acted as the Company's independent auditor since 2008. To comply with the requirements of SRC Rule 68 (3)(b)(iv), the signing partners of Isla Lipana are and shall be rotated every seven (7) years or earlier. The partner-in-charge for the year 2025 is Ms. Corina Molina, succeeding Mr. Pocholo Domondon who served in such capacity from 2018 to 2024.

There was no event during the two most recent fiscal years where Isla Lipana had any disagreement with the Company with regard to any matter relating to accounting principles or practices or financial statements disclosure or auditing scope or procedure. There was no case of independent accountant to dismiss or to decline to stand for re-election after completion of the current audit.

Further, Isla Lipana has neither shareholdings in the Company nor any right, whether legally enforceable or not, to nominate persons or to subscribe for the securities of the Company. The foregoing is in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines set by the Board of Accountancy and approved by the Professional Regulation Commission.

Audit and Audit-Related Fees

The following table sets out the aggregate fees billed for each of the last two fiscal years for professional services rendered by Isla Lipana to the Company for the years ended 31 December 2025 and 2024:

	2025	2024
	(in Php)	(in Php)
Audit and audit-related fees		
Audit services	8.8	8.2
Other fees		
Tax services	5.5	2.5
Other fees	1.4	4.6
Total	<u>15.7</u>	<u>15.3</u>

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

On 2 February 2024, the Company submitted its revised Manual on Corporate Governance, in compliance with the leading practices on good corporate governance and related SEC rules and regulations.

The Company filed its I-ACGR for the year ended 31 December 2025 on 11 April 2025.

For further discussion on the Company's compliance with leading practice on corporate governance, including the items noted below, please refer to item 13 of the Company's Annual Report (see page 79 of Annex C).

- (a) Evaluation system established by the company to measure or determine the level of compliance of the Board of Directors and top level management with its Manual of Corporate Governance;
- (b) Measures being undertaken by the company to fully comply with the adopted leading practices on good corporate governance;
- (c) Any deviation from the company's Manual of Corporate Governance. Including a disclosure of the name and position of the person/s involved and sanction/s imposed on said individual; and
- (d) Any plan to improve corporate governance of the company.

Annex D

COVER SHEET

		A	1	9	9	6	0	2	9	8	2
--	--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

O	C	E	A	N	A	G	O	L	D	(P	H	I	L	I	P	P	I	N	E	S)	,			
I	N	C	.																							

(Company's Full Name)

D	I	D	I	P	I	O	M	I	N	E	,	D	I	D	I	P	I	O	,						
K	A	S	I	B	U	,	N	U	E	V	A	V	I	Z	C	A	Y	A							

(Business Address: No. Street/City/Province)

KARINA P. DULINAYAN

Contact Person

+639178612279

Company Telephone Number

<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; text-align: center;">1</td><td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; text-align: center;">2</td> </tr> </table> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">Month</p>	1	2	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; text-align: center;">3</td><td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; text-align: center;">1</td> </tr> </table> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">Day</p>	3	1
1	2				
3	1				

Fiscal Year

SEC FORM 17-Q

FORM TYPE

<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; text-align: center;">0</td><td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; text-align: center;">6</td> </tr> </table> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">Month</p>	0	6	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; text-align: center;">3rd</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; text-align: center;">Monday</td> </tr> </table> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">Day</p>	3 rd	Monday
0	6				
3 rd					
Monday					

Annual Meeting

-

Secondary License Type, If Applicable

--	--	--

Dept. Requiring this Doc.

Not applicable

Amended Articles Number/Section

--

Total No. of Stockholders

Total Amount of Borrowings			
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 100px; height: 20px;"></td> </tr> </table> <p style="text-align: center;">Domestic</p>		<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 100px; height: 20px;"></td> </tr> </table> <p style="text-align: center;">Foreign</p>	

To be accomplished by SEC Personnel concerned

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

File Number

LCU

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Document I.D.

Cashier

STAMPS

Remarks = pls. Use black ink for scanning purposes

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES
REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

1. For the quarterly period ended: **March 31, 2026**
2. Commission identification number: **A199602982**
3. BIR Tax Identification No.: **004-870-171-00000**
4. Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter: **OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**
5. Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization: **PHILIPPINES**
6. Industry Classification Code: (SEC Use Only)
7. Address of issuer's principal office Postal Code
Didipio Mine, Didipio, Kasibu, Nueva Vizcaya, **3703**
Philippines
8. Issuer's telephone number, including area code: **+639178612279**
9. Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report: **N/A**
10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding
Common Shares	2,280,000,000 (as of March 31, 2026)

Amount of Debt Outstanding: **N/A**

11. Are any or all of the securities listed on a Stock Exchange?

Yes No

If yes, state the name of such Stock Exchange and the class/es of securities listed therein:

The Philippine Stock Exchange **Common Shares**

12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:

(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports)

Yes No

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.

Yes No

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

The unaudited condensed interim financial statements of OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC. (“OGP” or the “Company”) as of and for the period ended March 31, 2026 (with comparative figures as of December 31, 2025 and for the period ended March 31, 2025) and notes to unaudited condensed interim financial statements are hereto attached as **Annex “B”**.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The information required by Part III, Paragraph (A)(2) of “Annex C, as amended” is attached hereto as **Annex “A”**.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

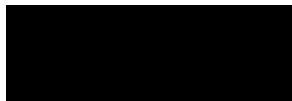
There are no other information not previously disclosed that needs to be reported in this section.

:[Signature page follows.]

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Issuer: **OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**



Signature and Title: **Joan D. Adaci-Cattiling**

President

Date:



Signature and Title: **Gemma McDonald**

Treasurer

Date:

**Management’s Discussion and Analysis of
Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This Management’s Discussion and Analysis (“MD&A”) should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed interim financial statements of the Company as at and for the period ended March 31, 2026 (with comparative figures as at December 31, 2025 and for the period ended March 31, 2025) included as Annex B, prepared in conformity with Philippine Accounting Standards 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* and included herein and should be read in conjunction with those unaudited condensed interim financial statements.

All amounts are in United States dollars (“\$”) unless otherwise indicated.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Health and Safety

Didipio reported a 12MMA Total Recordable Injury Frequency Rate (TRIFR) of 0.2 per 200,000 hours worked at the end of the first quarter, an increase from 0.1 per 200,000 hours worked recorded at the end of the previous quarter. Additionally, there were 3 recordable injuries in the first quarter, compared to 1 injury during the previous quarter.

Production Performance and Key Performance Indicators table

		Quarter ended March 31		Horizontal Analysis		Quarter ended December 31
		2026	2025	Amount	%	2025
Gold Produced ¹	Koz	20.4	20.6	(0.2)	(1%)	23.8
Copper Produced	Kt	3.2	3.4	(0.2)	(6%)	3.2
Ore Mined	Kt	349	317	32	10%	415
Ore Mined Grade – Gold	g/t	1.30	1.48	(0.18)	(12%)	1.62
Ore Mined Grade – Copper	%	0.48	0.41	0.07	17%	0.48
Waste Mined	Kt	67	28	39	139%	40
Mill Feed	Kt	1,021	1,051	(30)	(3%)	972
Mill Feed Grade – Gold	g/t	0.72	0.71	0.01	1%	0.87
Mill Feed Grade – Copper	%	0.35	0.36	(0.01)	(3%)	0.36
Gold Recovery	%	86.8	85.5	1.3	2%	87.6
Copper Recovery	%	89.9	87.9	2.0	2%	90.8

¹ Production is on a 100% basis as OceanaGold controls Didipio. Effective May 13, 2024, the ownership interest changed from 100% to 80% following the listing of 20% of Didipio’s holding company on the Philippines Stock Exchange.

Metal Production

First quarter gold production was 14% lower than the prior quarter primarily driven by lower ore tonnes mined at lower gold grade, as a result of the planned mine sequence. This was partially offset by a 5% increase in mill feed due to increased plant availability. Waste tonnes mined during the quarter increased by 68% from the prior quarter as underground activity was focused on lateral development in accordance with the mine plan.

First quarter gold production was in line with the prior corresponding quarter. A 10% increase in ore tonnes mined was offset by a 12% decrease in ore grade mined, as a result of the implementation of underground mining rate initiatives and the stope sequence.

Financial Performance and Key Performance Indicators table

		Quarter ended March 31		Horizontal analysis		Quarter ended December 31
		2026	2025	Amount	%	2025
Gold Sales	Koz	22.6	17.8	4.8	27%	20.6
Copper Sales	Kt	3.3	3.2	0.1	3%	2.9
Average Gold Price Received	\$/oz	5,049	2,858	2,191	77%	4,355
Average Copper Price Received	\$/lb	6.10	4.27	1.8	43%	5.35
Cash Cost	\$/oz	748	871	(123)	(14%)	883
AISC ²	\$/oz	1,298	1,130	168	15%	1,422
Unit Costs						
Mining Cost ¹	\$/t mined	51.23	43.74	7.49	17%	45.74
Processing Cost	\$/t milled	8.93	7.00	1.93	28%	10.42
G&A Cost	\$/t milled	13.51	9.65	3.86	40%	18.95

¹ Mining unit costs include allocation of any capitalized mining costs.

² Excludes the Additional Government Share under the Financial or Technical Assistance Agreement ("FTAA") at Didipio as it is considered in the nature of an income tax.

Mining unit cost

First quarter mining unit costs were 12% higher than the prior quarter primarily due to lower tonnes mined. Mining unit costs were 17% higher than the prior corresponding quarter due to increased planned maintenance costs, partially offset by higher volumes of material mined.

Processing unit cost

First quarter processing unit costs were 14% lower than the prior quarter due to higher tonnes milled and lower maintenance costs. Processing unit costs were 28% higher than the prior corresponding quarter,

reflecting lower tonnes milled in the current period and increased costs associated with the planned plant maintenance.

Site G&A unit cost

First quarter G&A unit costs were 29% lower than the prior quarter due to higher tonnes milled and lower stock-based compensation following a higher share price-driven charge in the prior quarter. G&A unit costs were 40% higher than the prior corresponding quarter due to lower tonnes milled and higher stock-based compensation expenses.

All-In Sustaining Cost (AISC)

First quarter AISC of \$1,298 per ounce was 9% lower than the prior quarter due to higher copper by-product credits and an equivalent increase in gold sales. The impact was partially offset by higher sustaining capital costs related to mining infrastructure and equipment to support increased mining productivity. First quarter AISC was 15% higher than the prior corresponding quarter due to increased sustaining capital and royalties, partially offset by higher copper by-product credits and higher gold sales.

Iran Conflict

To date, the direct impacts of the Iran conflict on the Company's operation have been limited, and supply chains have continued to support normal business operations. Though there has been no disruption to operations to date, higher diesel prices and supply-side factors have the potential to impact operating and capital costs. The Company continues to monitor global conditions closely and, while contingency plans are in place, the full extent of potential impacts on costs and supply chains remains uncertain.

Exploration¹

First quarter exploration expenditure totaled \$1.3 million for a total of 8,300 metres drilled.

Underground drilling totaled 2,135 metres in the first quarter, targeting conversion Inferred Mineral Resources in Panel 3 from one drill rig, with two more drill rigs expected to mobilize in the second quarter.

A total of 6,166 metres were drilled from surface in the quarter at the True Blue target with the goal of adding new Mineral Resources and evaluating the lateral extent of the mineralization. True Blue is an area of known mineralization 800 metres northeast of the Didipio Mine.

The drilling results will be released upon completion of activities, including validation, evaluation and interpretation, as planned.

¹ The update on exploration is reviewed and prepared under the supervision of an Accredited Competent Person-Geology as defined under the 2020 Edition of the Philippine Mineral Reporting Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. The relevant Consent Form, Statement and Certificate are attached as Annex A.

There are approximately 27,600 metres of underground drilling and 10,300 metres of surface drilling planned at Didipio in 2026 at an estimated cost of \$10 million.

Projects

On March 30, 2026, the Company released updated Technical Reports for Didipio entitled “Technical Reports – Didipio, Gold/Copper Operations Luzon Island, Philippines”, prepared in accordance with the Philippine Mineral Reporting Code 2020 Edition and its Implementing Rules and Regulation with a cut off date December 31, 2025.

Social Performance

During the quarter, the Company paid local business tax amounting to \$8.6 million (PHP 506.9 million) to the municipalities of Kasibu, Cabarroguis, and Nagtipunan, supporting local development and environmental programs. The Company continued its partnership with beneficiary communities by turning over 13 Community Development Fund (CDF) projects across Nueva Vizcaya and Quirino, including a Pabalubong Center that promotes local enterprises, while 42 additional CDF projects were approved for implementation in 2026. In addition, the Company launched two community projects, in partnership with the World Gold Council, aimed at strengthening a women-led weaving enterprise and a climate-smart agricultural system for a farmers’ cooperative, advancing sustainable development, gender equality, and long-term economic growth.

Net Income

(Unaudited) \$M, except percentage amounts	Quarter ended March 31		Horizontal analysis	
	2026	2025	Amount	%
Revenue	158.4	79.3	79.1	100%
Cost of sales	(67.5)	(52.0)	15.5	30%
Gross Income	90.9	27.3	63.6	233%
General and administrative expenses	(34.5)	(14.6)	19.9	136%
Other operating (expenses) income, net	(2.0)	0.4	(2.4)	(600%)
Income from operations	54.4	13.1	41.3	315%
Finance costs, net	(0.4)	(0.3)	0.1	33%
Income before income tax	54.0	12.8	41.2	322%
Provision for income	(19.3)	(5.4)	(13.9)	(257%)
Net Income	34.7	7.4	27.3	369%
Remeasurement (loss) gain on retirement benefits, net of tax	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	34.7	7.4	27.3	369%

For the first quarter, the Company produced 20,400 ounces of gold and 3,200 tonnes of copper.

The Company sold 34.26% of the first quarter’s total gold doré production to Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas.

Revenue increased by \$79.1 million, or 100% to \$158.4 million for the first quarter compared with \$79.3 million in the prior corresponding quarter. The revenue growth was driven by higher realized gold and copper prices along with minimal increase in sales volume during the period.

For the first quarter, the Company sold 22,600 ounces of gold, with an average price received of \$5,049 per ounce, compared to 17,800 ounces of gold, with an average price received of \$2,858 per ounce for the prior corresponding quarter.

Cost of sales increased by \$15.5 million, or 30%, to \$67.5 million for the first quarter, compared to \$52.0 million in the prior corresponding quarter. The increase was attributable to higher cost of underground mining activities, including increased contract and consulting costs for technical, engineering, and service support, as well as higher processing costs related to planned crusher and mill shutdowns and mill liner purchases. Cost of sales also reflects higher salaries, wages and other benefits and increased royalty expenses driven by higher revenue.

General and administrative expenses increased by \$19.9 million or 136%, to \$34.5 million for the quarter, compared to \$14.6 million in the prior corresponding quarter. The increase was primarily due to a \$14.5 million increase in additional government share based on net mining revenue, higher taxes and licenses of \$3.7 million and an increase in free-carried interest of \$1.2 million resulting from higher revenue during the period.

Other operating expenses, net amounted to \$2.0 million for the first quarter as compared to the other operating income, net of \$0.4 million in the prior corresponding quarter. The \$2.4 million movement from other operating income to operating expenses, net is due to the \$1.9 million foreign exchange losses and \$0.7 million value-added tax written off during the period.

Finance costs, net increased by \$0.1 million, or 33% to \$0.4 million for the quarter compared to \$0.3 million in the prior corresponding quarter, primarily reflecting higher interest expense on advance collections arising from timing differences of copper concentrate shipments.

The Company recognized a provision for income tax of \$19.3 million for the quarter, compared to \$5.4 million in the prior corresponding quarter. The increase was mainly driven by higher revenue and improved profitability. The applicable income tax rate of the Company was 25% for each of the quarter ending March 31, 2026 and 2025.

FTAA — Additional Government Share

(Unaudited) \$M	Quarter ended March 31	
	2026	2025
Gross mining revenue	158.1	78.3
Less: Allowable deductions ¹	(60.3)	(41.8)
Less: Amortization deduction ²	(3.3)	(3.3)
Net Revenue per the FTAA	94.5	33.2
Entitlement share	60%	60%
Total Government Share³ (60% of Net Revenue per the FTAA)	56.7	19.9
Deduct: Free-carried interest	(3.0)	(1.8)
Deduct: Production taxes	(11.0)	(5.3)
Deduct: Income tax	(20.6)	(5.3)
Additional Government Share	22.1	7.5

¹ Allowable deductions under the FTAA include expenses attributed to exploration, development and commercial production, which includes expenses relating to mining, processing, exploration, capitalized deferred stripping costs, royalties, rehabilitation, marketing, administration, community and social development, depreciation and amortization and interest charged on borrowings.

² The FTAA Addendum and Renewal Agreement modified the amortization of unrecovered pre-operating costs to instead be deducted across a fixed period of 13 years commencing in 2021 and ending in 2034.

³ All taxes and fees paid to the Philippine Government, including corporate income tax and indirect taxes such as excise, local business, property and withholding taxes, are deducted from the Government's 60% share of Net Revenue.

The Didipio Mine is held under the FTAA entered into with the Republic of the Philippines in June 1994, which was renewed in 2021, retroactively to 2019, for another 25-year period until June 2044.

Under the FTAA, "Net Revenue" is the gross mining revenue derived from operations, less allowable deductions and an amortization deduction. The Philippine Government is entitled to 60% of the Net Revenue of the mine less taxes and fees paid to or accrued for the Government and other deductions.

The first quarter additional government share of \$22.1 million has been accrued, with the payment occurring annually in April of each year in respect of the preceding year. The Company made an additional government share payment of \$37.2 million in April 2026 related to 2025 amounts accrued at December 31, 2025 (April 2025: paid \$8.1 million).

GUIDANCE

In 2026, Didipio is expected to produce 85,000 to 105,000 ounces of gold and 13,000 to 15,000 tonnes of copper at an AISC between \$975 and \$1,100 per ounce.

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Unaudited)	March 31	December 31	Horizontal analysis	
\$M	2026	2025	Amount	%
Current assets	208.2	162.1	46.1	28%
Non-current assets	574.0	579.0	(5.0)	(1%)
Total Assets	782.2	741.1	41.1	6%
Current liabilities	231.5	186.4	45.1	24%
Non-Current liabilities	10.0	10.6	(0.6)	(6%)
Total Liabilities	241.5	197.0	44.5	23%
Total Shareholders' Equity	540.7	544.1	(3.4)	(1%)

Current assets increased by 28% to \$208.2 million as of March 31, 2026 compared to \$162.1 million as of December 31, 2025. The increase was primarily attributable to higher cash collections resulting from improved sales performance, partially reduced by dividend payments, which led to a net increase in cash of \$40.8 million. This was also driven by higher prepaid taxes of \$6.6 million and trade receivables of \$2.7 million, partially offset by a \$4 million decrease in inventories.

Current liabilities increased by 24% to \$231.5 million as of March 31, 2026, compared to \$186.4 million as of December 31, 2025. The increase was primarily attributable to higher obligations, including a \$22.1 million increase in additional government share, \$19.5 million in income tax payable, \$3.8 million in payables to government agencies, \$3.5 million in accrued and trade payables, \$3.0 million in free-carried interest, and \$2.8 million in royalty, partially offset by a \$9.6 million reduction in due to related parties.

Non-current liabilities decreased by 6% to \$10.0 million as of March 31, 2026, compared to \$10.6 million as of December 31, 2025 primarily reflecting a reduction in provisions related to rehabilitation cost estimates.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's principal sources of liquidity are cash flows from operations and borrowings from affiliates. As at March 31, 2026, the Company had a cash balance of \$124.3 million.

The Company's principal requirements for liquidity are for purchase of consumables and spares, payment of operating expenses, additions to mining assets, repayment of loans from related parties, payment of cash dividends and other working capital requirements. The Company expects that the cash flows generated from operations will continue to be sufficient to cover operating expenses and current liabilities.

Subject to market and operating conditions, the Company anticipates that all cash flow and liquidity requirements will be satisfied by cash flow from operations for at least the following 12 months.

It may also, from time to time, seek other sources of funding depending on its financing needs and market conditions.

A summary of cash flow movements is shown below:

\$M – unaudited	Year-to-date ended		Horizontal analysis	
	March 31		Amount	%
	2026	2025		
Net cash provided by operating activities	99.7	14.5	85.2	588%
Net cash used in investing activities	(19.6)	(6.5)	13.1	202%
Net cash used in financing activities	(38.1)	(22.8)	15.3	67%

Cash flows provided by operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2026 increased by 588% to \$99.7 million compared to \$14.5 million from prior corresponding quarter. This increase was attributable to higher sales revenue, receipt of 2024 VAT refund amounting to \$10.7 million along with favorable timing of cash payments.

Cash flows used in investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2026 increased by 202% to \$19.6 million, compared to \$6.5 million from prior corresponding quarter. The increase was primarily attributable to higher capital expenditures related to sustaining capital development initiatives, acquisition of mining equipment and machinery, and mine development activities. (see discussions in ‘Production Performance and Key Performance Indicators’ section.)

Cash flows used in financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2026 increased by 67% to \$38.1 million, compared to \$22.8 million from prior corresponding quarter, mainly reflecting higher dividend payments to shareholders.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The following are the major performance measures that the Company uses. Production data analyses are employed by comparisons and measurements based on the current period against the previous period, and corresponding period of the previous year. Financial data analyses are employed by comparisons and measurements based on the current period against the corresponding period of the previous year.

Earnings per share and book value per share

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net income attributable to shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period, excluding ordinary shares purchased by the Company and held as treasury stocks, if any. Earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 is calculated as follows:

		Quarter ended March 31		Horizontal analysis	
		2026	2025	Amount	%
Net income	\$M	34.7	7.4	27.3	369%
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	Millions of shares	2,280.0	2,280.0	-	-
Basic and diluted earnings per share	\$/share	0.015	0.003	0.012	400%

Book value per share is calculated by dividing total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company less preferred equity by the total number of shares outstanding. Book value per share for the period ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025 is calculated as follows:

		March 31	December 31	Horizontal analysis	
		2026	2025	Amount	%
Total equity	\$M	540.7	544.1	(3.4)	(1%)
Number of common shares outstanding	Millions of shares	2,280	2,280	-	-
Book value per share	\$/share	0.237	0.239	(0.02)	(1%)

QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE DISCLOSURE OF MARKET AND OTHER FINANCIAL RISKS

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk, currency risk and cash flow and fair value interest risk), credit risk, and liquidity risk. The Company has no formal risk management program that focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance. However, the Company complies with written policies as authorized by the Board of Directors and aligned with risk management program carried out by OGC, who is responsible for the review of risk exposures and implementing risk reduction strategies for the OceanaGold Group.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as metals prices, foreign exchange rates, interest rates and other market prices, will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The Company's mining operations are exposed to various types of market risks in the ordinary course of business, including price risk, currency risk and cash flow and fair value interest risk.

Price Risk

The Company is not exposed to significant price risk related to equity investments classified as either financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income or at fair value through profit or loss

wherein changes to fair value are directly recognized through equity and operations, respectively, due to the absence of such.

On the other hand, the Company is exposed to the associated commodity price risk on future cash flows arising from probable change in market spot rates of copper, gold, and silver upon delivery (or at initial recognition of revenue) and final settlement dates. In mitigating this risk, the Company has an option to request from the customer a quoted fixed price for a specific quantity of gold and copper concentrates on the month prior to the relevant quotational period month. When the option to price fix is waived, the exposure to the change in spot rates and final settlement dates is determined to be low due to proximity between the two dates except for sales related to copper concentrates as these have longer period to finalize. The Company continues to regularly monitor this and to recognize price revaluation every reporting date, which is directly recorded under revenue and trade receivable.

Foreign exchange risk

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the effect of fluctuations in foreign exchange rates mainly on its Philippine Peso and Australian Dollar denominated assets and liabilities. Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the Company's functional currency. The Company manages its foreign exchange risk by holding cash in different currencies in anticipation of the requirements of the business. Among others, management also monitors the timing of settlements or payments to ensure that the Company is not unfavorably exposed to fluctuations of foreign exchange rates. The Company assessed that the impact of changes in Philippine Peso and Australian Dollar exchange rates as at March 31, 2026 and 2025 in demonstrating sensitivities to a possible reasonable change in U.S. Dollar exchange rate is immaterial.

Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the potential loss arising from any failure by counterparties to fulfill their obligations, as and when they fall due. It is inherent to the business as potential losses may arise due to the failure of its customer and counterparties to fulfill their obligations on maturity dates or due to adverse market conditions. Credit risk arises from cash in banks, receivables (excluding advances to employees subject to liquidation), deposits, restricted cash in the form of funds and advances to related parties.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk relates to the failure of the Company to discharge its obligations and commitments arising from short-term payables. OceanaGold Corporation and other related parties from time to time provide financial assistance through advances to support daily working capital requirements, as well as necessary exploration and development activities for the Company.

NON-PFRS FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Throughout this MD&A, the Company has provided measures prepared according to Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (“PFRS”) Accounting Standards as well as some non-PFRS performance measures. As non-PFRS performance measures do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by PFRS Accounting Standards, they are unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. The Company provides these non-PFRS measures as they are used by certain investors to evaluate the Company’s performance. Accordingly, such non-PFRS measures are intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation, or a substitute for measures of performance in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards.

These measures are used internally by the Company’s Management to assess the performance of the business and make decisions on the allocation of resources and are included in this MD&A to provide greater understanding of the underlying performance of the operations. Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any non-PFRS financial measures included in this MD&A.

Cash Costs and AISC

Cash Costs are a common financial performance measure in the gold mining industry; however, it has no standard meaning under PFRS Accounting Standards. Management uses this measure to monitor the performance of its mining operations and its ability to generate positive cash flows, both on an individual site basis and an overall company basis. Cash Costs include mine site operating costs plus indirect taxes and selling cost net of by-product sales and are then divided by ounces sold. In calculating Cash Costs, the Company includes copper and silver by-product credits as it considers the cost to produce the gold is reduced as a result of the by-product sales incidental to the gold production process, thereby allowing Management and other stakeholders to assess the net costs of gold production. The measure is not necessarily indicative of cash flow from operations under PFRS Accounting Standards or operating costs presented under PFRS Accounting Standards.

Management believes that the AISC measure provides additional insight into the costs of producing gold by capturing all of the expenditures required for the discovery, development and sustaining of gold production and allows the Company to assess its ability to support capital expenditures to sustain future production from the generation of operating cash flows, both on an individual site basis and an overall company basis while maintaining current production levels. Management believes that, in addition to conventional measures prepared in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards, certain investors use this information to evaluate the Company's performance and ability to generate cash flow per ounce sold. AISC is calculated as the sum of cash costs, capital expenditures and exploration costs that are sustaining in nature and corporate G&A costs. AISC is divided by ounces sold to arrive at AISC per ounce.

The following table provides a reconciliation of consolidated Cash Costs and AISC:

\$M, except per oz amounts	Quarter ended March 31	
	2026	2025
Cash costs of sales	41.1	32.1
By-product allocation	(48.0)	(31.2)
Royalties	3.5	1.6
Indirect taxes	8.3	4.7
Inventory adjustments	7.8	4.5
Freight, treatment and refining charges	4.2	3.8
Total Cash Costs (net)	16.9	15.5
Sustaining capital and leases	8.1	2.7
Deferred stripping and capitalized mining	4.2	1.9
General & administration	0.1	0.1
Total AISC	29.3	20.2
Gold sales (koz)	22.6	17.8
Cash Costs (\$/oz)	748	871
AISC (\$/oz)	1,298	1,130

OTHER MATTERS

As at March 31, 2026, except as discussed above, there were no material events or uncertainties known to the management that had a material impact on past performance, or that would have a material impact on future operations, in respect of the following:

- a) known event that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation that have not been booked, although the Company could be contingently liable for lawsuits and claims arising from the ordinary course of business, which contingencies are not presently determinable;
- b) known significant trends, demands, commitments, or uncertainties that will result in or that are reasonably likely to result in the Company's liquidity increasing or decreasing in a material way;
- c) known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on the Company's net sales/revenues/income from continuing operations;
- d) material commitments for capital expenditures not reflected in the Company's financial statements;
- e) significant seasonality or cyclicity in its business operation that would have material effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operation;

- f) other significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Company's continuing operations;
- g) material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationship of the Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period; and
- h) line items in the Company's financial statements not already explained for causes either above or in the Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements other than due to the usual period-to-period fluctuations in amounts natural in every business operation.

ANNEX “B”

**Unaudited condensed interim financial statements of
OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.
as at and for the period ended March 31, 2026
(with comparative figures as at December 31, 2025
and for the period ended March 31, 2025)
and notes to unaudited financial statements**

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.
CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars)

	Notes	March 31 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31 2025 (Audited)
Current assets			
Cash	5	124.3	83.5
Receivables	6	9.7	7.0
Inventories	7	57.5	61.5
Prepayments and other current assets	8	16.7	10.1
Total current assets		208.2	162.1
Non-current assets			
Inventories, net of current portion	7	51.4	55.4
Mining assets, net	9	250.9	252.6
Property, plant and equipment, net	10	218.0	206.9
Deferred income tax assets, net		16.5	16.2
Other non-current assets	11	37.2	47.9
Total non-current assets		574.0	579.0
Total assets		782.2	741.1
Current liabilities			
Trade payables and other current liabilities	12	196.4	161.1
Due to related parties	13	2.8	12.5
Lease liabilities, current portion		0.1	0.1
Income tax payable		32.2	12.7
Total current liabilities		231.5	186.4
Non-current liabilities			
Provision for rehabilitation cost		7.3	7.9
Retirement benefit obligation		2.7	2.7
Total non-current liabilities		10.0	10.6
Total liabilities		241.5	197.0
Equity			
Share capital		4.3	4.3
Other reserves		(2.0)	(2.0)
Retained earnings		538.4	541.8
Total equity		540.7	544.1
Total liabilities and equity		782.2	741.1

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, except per share amounts)

		Three months ended March 31	
	Notes	2026 (Unaudited)	2025 (Unaudited)
Revenue	14	158.4	79.3
Cost of sales	15	(67.5)	(52.0)
Gross income		90.9	27.3
General and administrative expenses	16	(34.5)	(14.6)
Other operating income/ (expenses), net		(2.0)	0.4
Income from operations		54.4	13.1
Finance costs, net		(0.4)	(0.3)
Income before income tax		54.0	12.8
Provision for income tax		(19.3)	(5.4)
Net income and total comprehensive income		34.7	7.4
Earnings per share			
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (in millions):		2,280.0	2,280.0
Basic and diluted earnings per share		0.015	0.003

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars)

	Share Capital	Other Reserves		Retained Earnings	Total Equity
		Translation adjustment	Retirement benefit obligation remeasurement	Unappropriated	
Balance at January 1, 2026	4.3	(1.7)	(0.3)	541.8	544.1
Comprehensive income	-	-	-	34.7	34.7
Transactions with shareholders					
Dividends paid	-	-	-	(38.1)	(38.1)
Balance at March 31, 2026	4.3	(1.7)	(0.3)	538.4	540.7
Balance at January 1, 2025	4.3	(1.7)	(0.4)	562.2	564.4
Comprehensive income	-	-	-	7.4	7.4
Transactions with shareholders					
Dividends paid	-	-	-	(22.8)	(22.8)
Balance at March 31, 2025	4.3	(1.7)	(0.4)	546.8	549.0

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW**

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	Three months ended	
	March 31	
	2026	2025
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Operating activities		
Income before provision for income tax	54.0	12.8
Adjustments for:		
Unrealized foreign exchange loss	1.2	0.3
Depreciation and amortization	9.2	8.6
Interest expense	0.3	0.1
Direct write off of input vat	0.7	-
Accretion expense	0.1	0.1
Provision for inventory obsolescence	(0.2)	-
Interest income	(0.4)	(0.8)
Operating income before working capital changes	64.9	21.1
Changes in working capital:		
Receivables	(2.7)	(0.8)
Inventories	8.2	5.6
Prepayments and other current assets	(6.7)	(7.2)
Other non-current assets	10.0	(3.0)
Due to related parties	(12.5)	(8.8)
Trade payables and other current liabilities	38.4	6.9
Net cash generated from operations	99.6	13.8
Interest paid	(0.3)	(0.1)
Interest received	0.4	0.8
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	99.7	14.5
Investing activities		
Additions to mining assets and property, plant, and equipment	(19.6)	(6.5)
Net cash used in investing activities	(19.6)	(6.5)
Financing activities		
Payment of dividends	(38.1)	(22.8)
Net cash used in financing activities	(38.1)	(22.8)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	42.0	(14.8)
Cash, beginning	83.5	50.8
Effects of foreign exchange rate changes in cash	(1.2)	(0.3)
Cash, ending	124.3	35.7

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.

Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

1. Corporate information

The Company was incorporated in the Philippines and is registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission with its primary purpose to include, among others, activities involving large-scale exploration, development and utilization of mineral resources.

The Company is currently operating the Didipio Mine under the FTAA and the Addendum and Renewal Agreement of the FTAA, which were executed on June 20, 1994, and July 14, 2021, respectively. The Company's registered office address, also its principal place of business, is located at the Didipio Mine, Didipio, Kasibu Nueva Vizcaya.

Prior to listing on May 13, 2024, the Company was a wholly-owned subsidiary of OceanaGold (Philippines) Holdings, Inc. ("OGPHI"), a company incorporated and doing business in the Philippines.

2. Basis of preparation

The unaudited condensed interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards, as applicable to the preparation of interim condensed financial statements including Philippine Accounting Standards ("PAS") 34. Accordingly, certain disclosures included in the annual financial statements prepared in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards have been condensed or omitted.

The term PFRS Accounting Standards in general includes all applicable PFRS Accounting Standards, PAS, and interpretations of the Philippine Interpretations Committee ("PIC"), Standing Interpretations Committee ("SIC") and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"), which have been approved by the Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council and adopted by the SEC.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the fair value measurement of plan assets and trade receivables at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL"). The financial statements are presented in U.S. Dollar, the Company's functional and presentation currency, rounded off to the nearest millions, except when otherwise indicated.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with PFRS Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies.

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements**

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

3. Accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the unaudited interim condensed financial statements are consistent with those used in the preparation of the Company's annual financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2025.

The Company has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

4. Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. Areas of estimation and judgement that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements are disclosed in the notes to the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025.

5. Cash

All cash are in banks amounting to \$124.3 million and \$83.5 million as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively. The total maximum credit risk is equivalent to carrying amount of cash in banks. The carrying amounts of the Company's cash are denominated in the following currencies consisting of cash in bank:

	March 31 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31 2025 (Audited)
USD	114.2	81.0
PHP	10.0	2.2
AUD	0.1	0.3
	124.3	83.5

6. Receivables

	March 31 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31 2025 (Audited)
Trade receivables	5.9	3.2
Due from related parties (Note 13)	3.0	3.0
Advances to employees	0.8	0.8
	9.7	7.0

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements**

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Trade receivables are receivables from sale of copper concentrate which are recorded at provisional prices and revalued each period until final settlement and remaining receivable from sale of doré based on transaction price.

Aging of Trade Receivables:

As at March 31, 2026				
	Current	30 - 60 days	Over 60 days	Total
Transamine SA	5.9	-	-	5.9
Total	5.9	-	-	5.9

As at December 31, 2025				
	Current	30 - 60 days	Over 60 days	Total
Transamine SA	3.2	-	-	3.2
Total	3.2	-	-	3.2

Due from related parties are advances made to finance ad-hoc working capital requirements. These short-term working capital advances are non-interest bearing and are intended to be payable on demand.

Advances to employees are realized through liquidations.

7. Inventories

	March 31 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31 2025 (Audited)
Current		
<i>At net realizable value</i>		
Consumables and spares	34.1	32.8
Allowance for inventory obsolescence	(4.5)	(4.7)
	29.6	28.1
<i>At cost</i>		
Ore stockpile	17.2	18.0
Concentrates	9.5	12.8
Gold on hand	1.2	2.6
	57.5	61.5
Non-current		
<i>At cost</i>		
Ore stockpile	51.4	55.4
Total Inventories	108.9	116.9

All inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements**

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Movement in the allowance for obsolescence of consumables and spares for the periods ended:

	March 31 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31 2025 (Audited)
Beginning	4.7	4.9
Provision for obsolescence	-	-
Write-off	(0.2)	(0.2)
Ending	4.5	4.7

As at March 31, 2026 the Company classified \$51.4 million of ore stockpile inventory (December 2025; \$55.4 million) as non-current as management assessed that these are not expected to be processed and sold within 12 months after end of the reporting period. All consumables and spares inventory are classified as current as at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025.

8. Prepayments and other current assets

	March 31 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31 2025 (Audited)
Prepayments	0.6	1.6
Advances	6.3	5.3
Prepaid taxes	9.8	3.2
	16.7	10.1

As at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, prepayments mainly consist of life and health insurance which are expected to be utilized for a period of less than a year.

Advances represent deposits and payments made to suppliers, contractors or vendors arising from contractual agreements for purchases made by the Company.

Prepaid taxes consist of tax credit certificates amounting to \$3.2 million issued by Bureau of Internal Revenue and \$6.6 million in local business taxes and creditable withholding taxes which are amortized and applied against future tax liabilities, respectively.

9. Mining Assets

During the quarter, the Company acquired assets with a cost of \$3.0 million (March 31, 2025: \$3.3 million). No disposals were recorded during the quarter. The Company assesses the Didipio project at the reporting period to determine whether there are indicators of impairment, the Company did not recognize any impairment loss as at the reporting period.

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements**

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

10. Property, Plant and Equipment

During the quarter, the Company acquired assets with a cost of \$16.6 million (March 31, 2025: \$3.2). There were no significant disposals during the quarter.

As of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, management assessed that there was no impairment indicators on property, plant and equipment and consequently, the Company did not recognize any impairment losses.

11. Other Non-Current Assets

	March 31 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31 2025 (Audited)
Input VAT	35.2	46.3
Excise tax	19.3	19.2
	54.5	65.5
Less: Allowance for probable loss	(35.0)	(35.0)
	19.5	30.5
Mine rehabilitation funds	9.2	8.2
Restricted deposits	6.0	6.4
Deposits	2.1	2.1
Social development fund	0.4	0.7
	37.2	47.9

The Company's excise taxes are under protest with the Supreme Court (SC). These are to be applied against future obligations depending on the decision of the SC. The restricted deposit amounts as at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025 are the outstanding bank deposits in favor of the Court of Tax appeals as a required bond.

12. Trade Payables and Other Current Liabilities

	March 31 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31 2025 (Audited)
Royalty	72.4	69.6
Additional government share	59.3	37.2
Trade payables and accrued expense	41.6	38.1
Free-carried interest	17.1	14.1
Payable to government agencies	5.7	1.9
Others	0.3	0.2
	196.4	161.1

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements**

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Trade payables and accrued expenses pertain to actual and estimated costs for the procurement of goods and services including materials, parts and supplies, in-transit items, and other operating expenses of the Company.

Accrued royalties pertain to royalties equivalent to a certain percentage based on the net smelter return as required by the FTAA contract.

Payable to government agencies mainly refers to outstanding withholding taxes and other employee-related statutory contributions that were subsequently paid and remitted by the Company.

Accrued government share pertains to the undisbursed portion of the 60% of the net mining revenue after considering taxes and fees paid to the Government, including corporate income tax and indirect taxes, and amounts payable to land claim owners payable.

Also pursuant to the FTAA contract, addendum claim owners are entitled to a free-carried interest of 8% of the Company. The Company has accrued for this entitlement based on dividend declarations from December 2023 to March 2026.

The FTAA Addendum requires an additional allocation of 0.5% to the Provincial Development Fund (“PDF”) and 1.0% to the Community Development Fund (“CDF”) based on preceding year’s gross mining revenue with the goal of assisting in the development of other communities outside of the host and neighboring communities covered by the Social Development and Management Program.

13. Related party transactions

In the normal course of business, the Company transacts with entities which are considered related parties. The table below summarizes the Company’s transactions and balances with its related parties:

	Transactions		Outstanding balances	
	March 31	December 31	March 31	December 31
	2026 (Unaudited)	2025 (Audited)	2026 (Unaudited)	2025 (Audited)
Related party				
Advances to:				
Immediate parent company	-	(0.3)	-	-
Entities under common control	-	-	0.4	0.4
	-	(0.3)	0.4	0.4
Management fees:				
Ultimate Parent	1.2	5.3	0.2	(6.4)
Entity under common control	3.1	10.9	(3.1)	(6.1)
	4.3	16.2	(2.8)	(12.5)

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements**

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Service agreement				
Entities under common control	0.1	2.0	2.5	2.6
	0.1	2.0	2.5	2.6

Advances to and from related parties

Advances to and from related parties are made to finance respective short-term working capital requirements. These are non-interest bearing and payable on demand. Also, receivables are guaranteed by OGC.

Management Fees

Management fees pertain to charges for administrative and technical support extended by the parent company, which are expected to be settled in cash and payable within 60 days.

Service agreements

In 2013, the Company also entered into technical service agreement with OceanaGold (Philippines) Exploration Corporation wherein the Company will provide fees in a form of advances equal to five percent (5%) of the total salary cost for the performance of services to enable the Company to explore and develop certain mineral properties.

14. Revenue

	Quarter ended March 31	
	2026 (Unaudited)	2025 (Unaudited)
Gold	114.1	50.8
Copper	40.5	27.1
Silver	3.8	1.4
	158.4	79.3

Sale of doré and copper concentrates is net of refining, treatment and other direct costs deducted to determine the transaction price. These are deducted from total market price of the products to arrive at the transaction price since these are expenses to be incurred in order to transform the concentrates and doré in its marketable form.

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements**

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

15. Cost of sales

	Quarter ended March 31	
	2026 (Unaudited)	2025 (Unaudited)
Supplies and consumables	12.4	14.4
Depreciation and amortization	9.2	8.6
Salaries, wages and other benefits	7.7	4.5
Outside services	7.2	4.7
Utilities	5.0	5.1
Management Fee	4.1	1.9
Royalties	3.5	1.6
Freight costs	2.0	1.6
Repairs and maintenance	1.5	0.4
Donations	1.5	1.2
Others	4.1	1.5
Net change in gold and copper inventories	9.3	6.5
	67.5	52.0

Net change in gold and copper inventories pertains to movements and stock adjustments on mining inventories, including provisions and write-offs during the year.

Other costs consist primarily of indirect taxes, insurance expenses and other expenditures attributable to mine operations.

16. General and administrative expenses

	Quarter ended March 31	
	2026 (Unaudited)	2025 (Unaudited)
Additional government share	22.1	7.5
Taxes and licenses	8.6	4.9
Free-carried interest	3.0	1.8
Management Fee	0.2	0.1
Others	0.6	0.3
	34.5	14.6

Others represent bank charges, utilities, rental, office supplies, transportation and travel, and other administrative expenditure.

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements**

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Additional Government Share

The table below summarizes the Company's calculation of the additional government share:

	Quarter ended March 31	
	2026	2025
Gross mining revenue	158.1	78.3
Less: Allowable deductions	(60.3)	(41.8)
Less: Amortization deduction	(3.3)	(3.3)
Net Revenue per the FTAA	94.5	33.2
Entitlement share	60%	60%
Total Government Share (60% of Net Revenue per the FTAA)	56.7	19.9
Deduct: Free-carried interest	(3.0)	(1.8)
Deduct: Production taxes	(11.0)	(5.3)
Deduct: Income tax	(20.6)	(5.3)
Additional Government Share	22.1	7.5

Under the FTAA, "Net Revenue" is the gross mining revenues derived from operations, less allowable deductions and an amortization deduction.

Allowable Deductions under the FTAA include expenses attributed to exploration, development and production which includes, expenses relating to mining, processing, exploration, capitalized pre-stripping, royalties, rehabilitation, marketing, administration, community and social development, depreciation and amortization and interest charged on borrowings.

All taxes and fees paid to the Philippines Government, including corporate income tax and indirect taxes such as excise, local business, property and withholding taxes, are deducted from the Government's 60% share of Net Revenue to arrive at any additional government share payable.

The additional government share of \$22.1 million for the first quarter is an accrued amount, payment occurring annually in April of each year in respect of the preceding year. The Company made an additional government share payment of \$37.2 million April 28, 2026 related to 2025 amounts accrued at December 31, 2025 (April 2025: paid \$8.1 million).

17. Financial Instruments

Due to the short-term nature of the transactions, the carrying values of each financial asset and liability including cash, deposits, trade receivables at amortized cost, due to/from related parties, trade payables and other current liabilities excluding payables to government agencies as at the reporting dates approximate their fair values.

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements**

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Related party borrowings approximate its fair value based on borrowing rates available to the management for credit agreement with similar maturities and also considering any risk of non-performance. The fair value of the Company's borrowings is estimated by using contractual discounted cash flows, hence, the impact of discounting is not considered significant. The Company does not hold financial instruments traded in an active market which might be affected by quoted market prices at reporting date aside from trade receivables which are provisionally priced and subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss until settlement. On the other hand, the fair value of lease liabilities is equal to its discounted present value.

The Company's trade receivable FVPL is measured at fair value under Level 2 as prices used in determining the gross carrying amount of receivable is based on the prevailing commodity market price. Trade receivables at FVPL as at March 31, 2026 amounted to \$5.9 million (December 2025 - \$3.2 million).

As of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, there were no transfers between levels of fair value measurements.

18. Subsequent event

On May 6, 2026, the Company declared dividends in the amount of \$0.0196 per share or \$44.7 million, distributed equally in favor of all stockholders of record as of May 21, 2026 payable on June 17, 2026. The Company's stockholders refer to OGPPI, the independent directors and other public shareholders. Dividend to holders of publicly traded shares will be paid in Philippine Peso based on the PHP:USD exchange rate on the day the payment is processed.

Summary of material accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to both years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) New and amendment to existing standards and interpretations adopted by the Company

The Company has applied the following amendments for the first time for their quarterly reporting period commencing January 1, 2026:

Amendments to PFRS 9 and PFRS 7, 'Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments'

On May 30, 2024, the IASB issued targeted amendments to PFRS 9, Financial Instruments, and PFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures to respond to recent questions arising in practice and to include new requirements not only for financial institutions but also for corporate entities. These amendments:

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements**

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

- (a) Clarify the date of recognition and derecognition of some financial assets and liabilities, with a new exception for some financial liabilities settled through an electronic cash transfer system.
- (b) Clarify and add further guidance for assessing whether a financial asset meets the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) criterion.
- (c) Add new disclosures for certain instruments with contractual terms that can change cash flows, such as some financial instruments with features linked to the achievement of environment, social, and governance targets.
- (d) Update the disclosures for equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

The adoption did not have significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

(b) New standards, amendments and interpretations not yet adopted by the Company

Certain new accounting standards, amendments to accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025 reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the Company. These standards, amendments or interpretations are not expected to have a material impact on the Company in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

Receivables and deposits

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business and have normal credit terms of 10 days. Trade receivables related to concentrates are initially recorded at the amount of the provisional sales prices, and then subsequently recorded at fair value through revaluation at the prevailing commodity price at each reporting period until final settlement occurs. Changes in the provisional prices are recognized within revenue and separately disclosed as provisional pricing gain or loss. Trade receivables from doré sales are initially measured at original invoice amount less any provision for impairment and subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method less provision for impairment, if any.

Other receivables composed of due from related parties and advances to employees, and deposits are initially recorded at fair value. These receivables are recorded with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore the Company measures these subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Any impairment is deducted from the carrying amount of other receivables. These

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements**

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

receivables generally arise from transactions partly within and partly outside the usual operating activities of the Company. No changes were made in the classification and measurement of other receivable.

The Company applies the PFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for its trade receivables from doré sales. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

For trade receivables measured from concentrates, the Company assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with these financial assets. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

The carrying amount of the receivable is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of loss is recognized as a separate line item in the statement of total comprehensive income, unless deemed immaterial. When a receivable remains uncollectible after the Company has exerted all legal remedies, it is written off against the allowance account for receivables. If in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognized impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss. Reversal of previously recorded impairment provision is based on the result of the management's updated assessment, considering the availability of facts and changes in circumstances, including but not limited to results of recent discussions and arrangements entered into with customers as to the recoverability of receivables at the end of the reporting period. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written-off are recognized as a separate line item in the statement of total comprehensive income, unless deemed immaterial.

Inventories

Inventories, which consist of doré gold, gold in-circuit, concentrates, ore stockpile, and consumables and spares used in the company's operations, are stated at the lower cost or net realizable value (NRV). Inventories are presented as current when these are expected to be processed and sold within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. Otherwise, these are presented as non-current.

Cost of doré gold, gold in-circuit, concentrates, and ore stockpile is determined by the weighted average method and comprises of direct costs and an appropriate portion of fixed and variable overhead costs including depreciation and amortization. NRV of these inventories is the selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and other costs necessary to make the sale. In the case of consumables and spares, NRV is the value of inventories when sold at the condition at the reporting date or its estimated replacement cost.

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements**

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Cost of consumables and spares is determined under the moving average method, and comprises the invoice cost, freight, duties and taxes, and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Inventories are derecognized either when used, sold or written off. When inventories are used for operations, the carrying amount of those inventories shall be recognized as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognized. Prior to commencement of commercial operations, these are charged and capitalized to mining assets under the statement of financial position to the extent that these are related to development and commissioning activities.

Provision for impairment of inventories is set up, if necessary, based on review of movements and current condition of each inventory item. The cost of any write-down of inventory to NRV and all losses of inventories shall be recognized through profit or loss in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The cost of any reversal of any previous write-down shall be recognized as reduction in the amount of inventory recognized as expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization, and impairment, if any.

Construction-in-progress is stated at cost, which includes cost of construction, equipment and other direct costs. Costs of assets under construction are accumulated in the accounts until these projects are completed upon which these are classified to the appropriate property accounts. Construction-in-progress is not depreciated and amortized until such time as the relevant assets are completed and put into its intended use.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment, excluding items presented under plant and equipment and roads and dams and mining equipment, is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives (in years) as follows:

Leasehold improvements	3 or lease term, whichever is shorter
Office machinery and equipment	3
Vehicles	3 to 6
Furniture and fittings	3
Computer equipment and software	3
Buildings (excluding ROU asset)	10 to 16

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements**

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Health, safety, and security equipment	3
Maintenance equipment	3

Plant and equipment, mining equipment and roads and dams are depreciated using the units of production method based on estimated economically recoverable reserves to which these relate or written off if the property is abandoned.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

The carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized on disposal; or when no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal at which time the cost and related accumulated depreciation and amortization are removed from the accounts.

Mining assets*(a) Deferred exploration costs*

Deferred exploration costs represent capitalized expenditures related to the acquisition and exploration of mining properties. Exploration costs are stated at cost and are accumulated in respect of each identifiable area of interest. Such costs are only carried forward to the extent that these are expected to be recovered through the successful development of the area of interest (or alternatively by its sale), or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable resources, and active work is continuing. Accumulated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off against profit or loss in the statements of total comprehensive income in the period in which the decision to abandon the area is made. A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

The Company classifies deferred exploration costs as tangible or intangible according to the nature of the asset acquired or cost incurred and applies the classification consistently. Certain deferred exploration costs are treated as intangible (e.g., license and legal fees), whereas others are tangible (e.g., vehicles). To the extent that a tangible asset is consumed in developing an intangible asset, the amount reflecting that consumption is part of the cost of the intangible asset. However, using a tangible asset to develop an intangible asset does not change a tangible asset into an intangible asset.

Deferred exploration costs are recognized and reclassified to deferred development costs when the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the resources are demonstrable. Deferred

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.

Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

exploration costs are only assessed for impairment and not subjected to depreciation and amortization before reclassification.

(b) Deferred development costs

Deferred development costs pertain to capitalized expenditures incurred to prove technical feasibility and commercial viability of any resources found and to develop ore bodies. Development costs are stated at cost and are capitalized to the extent that these are directly attributable to an area of interest or those that can be reasonably allocated to an area of interest, which may include costs directly related to bringing assets to the location and condition for intended use and costs incurred, net of any revenue generated, during the commissioning period. These costs are capitalized until assets are already available for use or when the Company has already achieved commercial levels of production.

The carrying value of deferred development costs represents total expenditures incurred to date net of revenue from saleable material recognized during the pre-commercial production period, if any. Deduction is only appropriate if it can clearly be shown that the production of the saleable material is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Commercial production is deemed to have commenced when management determines that the completion of operational commissioning of major mine and plant components is completed, operating results are being achieved consistently for a period of time and that there are indicators that these operating results will be continued. Mine development costs incurred to maintain current production are included in profit or loss.

(c) Mine and mining properties in production

Upon commencement of commercial production, deferred development costs are capitalized as part of mine and mining properties in production. These costs are subject to depletion or amortization, which are computed using the units of production method based on proven and probable reserves.

Development costs including construction-in-progress incurred on an already operating mine area are stated at cost and included as part of mine and mining properties. These pertain to expenditures incurred in sourcing new resources and converting them to reserves, which are not depleted or amortized until such time of completion and the assets become available for use.

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.

Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

(d) Decommissioning and rehabilitation costs

Decommissioning and rehabilitation costs represent the net present value of obligations associated with the retirement of mine and mining properties that resulted from acquisition, construction or development and the normal operation of mine and mining properties. Decommissioning and rehabilitation costs are recognized as part of the cost of the related mine and mining properties in production in the period when a legal or constructive obligation is established provided that best estimate can be made. The increase in decommissioning and rehabilitation costs due to passage of time is recognized as accretion expense

Decommissioning and rehabilitation costs are derecognized when the related asset has been retired or disposed of.

(e) Impairment review

The Company reviews and evaluates its mining assets when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the related carrying amounts may not be recoverable. The recoverability of these capitalized costs is dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete their exploration and development, and upon future profitable production.

An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the assets carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, fair value less cost of disposal ("FVLCD"), if available, and value in use, and is recognized through profit or loss. To the extent that impairment occurs, the excess is fully provided in the financial period in which this is determined. Value in use is calculated based on discounted future net cash flows for properties in which a mineral resource has been identified using estimated future production, commodity prices, operating and capital costs and reclamation and closure costs. Value in use for deferred exploration costs is estimated by reference to the timing of exploration and/or development work, work programs proposed, the exploration results achieved to date and the likely proceeds receivable if the Company sold specific properties to third parties.

For mine and mining properties, FVLCD is estimated by reference to cash flow forecasts based on management's best estimates of expected future revenues and costs, including the future cash costs of production, capital expenditure, closure, restoration and environmental clean-up throughout the LOM of the CGU.

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements**

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Trade payables and other current liabilities

Trade payables and other current liabilities are recognized in the period in which the related money, goods or services are received or when a legally enforceable claim against the Company is established. These are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, these are presented as non-current liabilities.

Payables to government agencies and accrual for PDF/CDF and government share are not considered financial liabilities but are recognized and derecognized similarly.

Borrowings**(a) Recognition and measurement**

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized through profit or loss as finance cost over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalized as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates.

(b) Debt restructuring

A debt modification may be effected by:

- Amending the terms or cash flows of an existing debt instrument;
- Exchanging existing debt for new debt with the same lender; and
- Repaying an existing debt obligation and contemporaneously issuing new debt to the same lender; although this may be a legal extinguishment, the transaction may need to be accounted for as a debt modification.

PFRS 9 requires an entity to determine whether the present value of the new cash flows under the new terms is at least 10% different from the present value of the remaining cash flows of the original liability,

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements**

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

using the original effective interest rate. If the difference is 10% or greater, the modification is considered substantial and the existing liability is de-recognized and a new financial liability is recognized.

A substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability or a part of it (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor) shall be accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability (or part of a financial liability) extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, shall be recognized in profit or loss.

When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified and the renegotiation or modification does not result in the derecognition of that financial asset, an entity shall recalculate the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and shall recognize a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. The gross carrying amount of the financial asset shall be recalculated as the present value of the renegotiated or modified contractual cash flows that are discounted at the original effective interest rate (or credit-adjusted effective interest rate for purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets) or, when applicable, the revised effective interest rate calculated. Any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the modified financial asset and are amortized over the remaining term of the modified financial asset.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when: (a) the Company has present legal and constructive obligation as a result of past events; (b) it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and (c) the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognized even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small. Provisions are derecognized when the obligation is settled, cancelled or has expired.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognized as accretion expense in the statement of total comprehensive income.

The Company recognizes the estimated costs of mine rehabilitation, which includes among others, restoration of the areas disturbed during development stage and commercial operations, maintenance

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements**

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

and monitoring, land reclamation, decommissioning and dismantling of production facilities, and employee and other social costs including residual care, if necessary. The provision is discounted where material and the unwinding of the discount is recognized as accretion expense in the statement of total comprehensive income. At the time of establishing the provision, the corresponding asset is capitalized as where it gives rise to a future benefit and depreciated/amortized over future production from the mine to which it relates. Costs attributed to actual decommissioning/dismantling and restoration/reforestation are capitalized as part of mine and mining properties in production upon commencement of commercial operations.

Changes in the measurement of the estimated costs of mine rehabilitation which results from changes in the estimated timing or amount of the outflow of resources embodying economic benefits required to settle the obligation, or a change in the discount rate, is accounted for as an addition or deduction to the provision recorded and to the cost of rehabilitation asset recognized as part of mining assets to the extent that the addition does not exceed its carrying amount. If a decrease in the provision exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, the excess will be recognized as part of other operating income or finance cost in the statement of total comprehensive income, as applicable. If the adjustment results in an addition to the cost of an asset, the Company considers whether this is an indication that the new carrying amount of the asset may not be fully recoverable and must be accounted for under the impairment criteria.

Current and deferred income tax

Income tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income. In this case, the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current provision for income tax is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax losses (net operating loss carryover or NOLCO) and unused tax credits (excess minimum corporate income tax or MCIT) to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized in full for all taxable temporary differences, except to the extent that the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.**Notes to the condensed Interim Financial Statements**

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

(All amounts in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Equity*(a) Share capital*

The Company's share capital is composed of common shares with the amount of proceeds from the issuance or sale of common shares representing the aggregate par value credited to share capital. Proceeds in excess of the aggregate par value of common shares, if any, are credited to share premium. After initial measurement, share capital and share premium are carried at historical cost and are classified as equity in the statement of financial position.

(b) Retained earnings

Retained earnings represent accumulated net profits, net of dividend distributions and other capital adjustments. Retained earnings may be appropriated for expansion projects or programs approved by the Board of Directors ("BOD"). Unappropriated retained earnings are available for dividend declaration to shareholders.

(c) Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholder is recognized as a liability in the financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved and declared by the BOD.

Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Company's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Company's various lines of business.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share majority of these criteria.

The Company's management assesses the performance and allocates the resources of the Company as a whole, as all of the Company's activities are considered to be primarily related to the sale of concentrates and doré. Therefore, management considers there is only one operating segment under the requirements of PFRS 8, Operating Segments. Hence, no segment information is presented.

ACCREDITED COMPETENT PERSON'S CONSENT FORM AND CONSENT STATEMENT, AND CERTIFICATES

Pursuant to the requirements under the prevailing The Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc.'s Consolidated Listing and Disclosure Rules, as amended, and Clause 10 of the Philippine Mineral Reporting Code 2020 Edition (the "Consent Statement").

Public Report or Technical Report Name (or Heading) to be Publicly Released: Summary of Exploration for the 1st Quarter of 2026 (the "Report").

Name of Company releasing the Report: OceanaGold (Philippines), Inc.

Name of Mineral Deposit to which the Report refers to: Didipio Gold-Copper Deposit

Data Cut-off Date: 31 March 2026

Report Date: 7 May 2026

Consent Statement

I, Emmanuel G. Del Rosario, confirm that I am the Accredited Competent Person for the Report, and that:

- I am a Geologist with Registration No. 0001514, currently residing at [REDACTED]
- I have read and understood the requirements of the 2020 Edition of the Philippine Mineral Reporting Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves ("**PMRC 2020 Edition**"), and its Implementing Rules and Regulations ("**IRR**").
- I certify that the Report has been prepared in accordance with PMRC 2020 Edition and its Implementing Rules and Regulations.
- I am an Accredited Competent Person – Geologist as defined by the PMRC 2020 Edition and having minimum of five years relevant experience in the style of mineralization and type of mineral deposit described in the Report, and to the activity for which I am accepting responsibility.
- I am a Member of the Geological Society of the Philippines.
- I am an employee of OceanaGold (Philippines) Exploration Corporation, an affiliate of OceanaGold (Philippines), Inc. (the "Company") and the exploration arm of the Company. I am involved in the mineral exploration activities of the Company. Despite the nature of my employment, I confirm that the Report has been prepared objectively and in accordance with the PMRC 2020 Edition and its IRR. I do not own any shares, options, and/or warrants of the Company nor do I hold any other interest over the Company or any of its assets.
- I assume full responsibility for the Report which have been prepared under my supervision.

- I have reviewed the Report to which this Consent Statement applies.
- I have disclosed to the reporting company the full nature of the relationship between myself and the company, including any issues that could be perceived by investors as a conflict of interest.
- I verify that the Report is based on, and fairly and accurately reflect in the form and context in which it appears, the information in my supporting documentation relating to Geological Study and Assessment on a Mineral Deposit and/or Exploration results, and to the best of my knowledge, all technical information that are required to make this Report not misleading, have been included.
- I have conducted Data Verification and Data Validation of the data disclosed in the Report.
- I have attached to this Consent Statement copies of my relevant identification cards and professional tax receipt.

Consent

I consent to the release and public disclosure of the Report and this Consent Statement by the Board of Directors of OceanaGold (Philippines), Inc. for the purpose of reporting the summary of exploration for Q1 2026 in SEC Form 17-Q (Quarterly Report), public presentations, media releases, website postings, and other corporate disclosures of the Company required to be submitted to both the Securities and Exchange Commission and The Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. For the avoidance of doubt, this consent includes submission of the Report and this Consent Statement (including the attachments such as the identification cards) to any regulatory authority, making accessible the Report to the general public, and quoting the Report or using its extract or summary for purposes of complying with any regulatory requirements and/or any disclosure or statement that the Company may make in connection with the information set out in the Report.

[signature and acknowledgement page follows...]

[Redacted]

MAY 05 2026

EMMANUEL G. DEL ROSARIO
Accredited Competent Person

Date

Geological Society of the Philippines

Professional Representative Organization / RPO
Affiliation of the ACP

[Redacted]

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

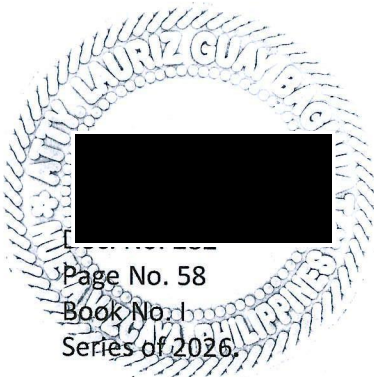
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
KASIBU, NUEVA VIZCAYA) S.S.

BEFORE ME, this _____ day of **MAY 05 2026**, 2026 personally appeared before me Emmanuel G. Del Rosario with [Redacted] which is valid until [Redacted] known to me to be the same person who executed this instrument which he/she acknowledged before me as his/her free and voluntary act and deed.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my notarial seal on the date and at the place first above written.

[Redacted]
LAURIZ GUAY BAGUILAT
Notary Public for Nueva Vizcaya
Until 31 December 2027

[Redacted]




Page No. 58
Book No.
Series of 2026.

Republic of the Philippines
PROFESSIONAL REGULATION COMMISSION
PROFESSIONAL IDENTIFICATION CARD

LAST NAME ▶ DEL ROSARIO
 FIRST NAME ▶ EMMANUEL
 MIDDLE NAME ▶ GALINDO
 REGISTRATION NO. ▶ [REDACTED]
 REGISTRATION DATE ▶ [REDACTED]
 VALID UNTIL ▶ [REDACTED]

GEOLOGIST



Professional Regulation Commission
www.prc.gov.ph

CERTIFICATION

24-8619653

This is to certify that the person whose name, photograph, and signature appear herein is a duly registered professional, legally authorized to practice his/her profession with all the rights and privileges appurtenant thereto.

This is to certify further that he/she is a professional in good standing and that his/her certificate of registration/professional license has not been suspended, revoked or withdrawn.

[REDACTED SIGNATURE]

Signature of Professional

CHARITO A. ZAMORA
 Chairperson



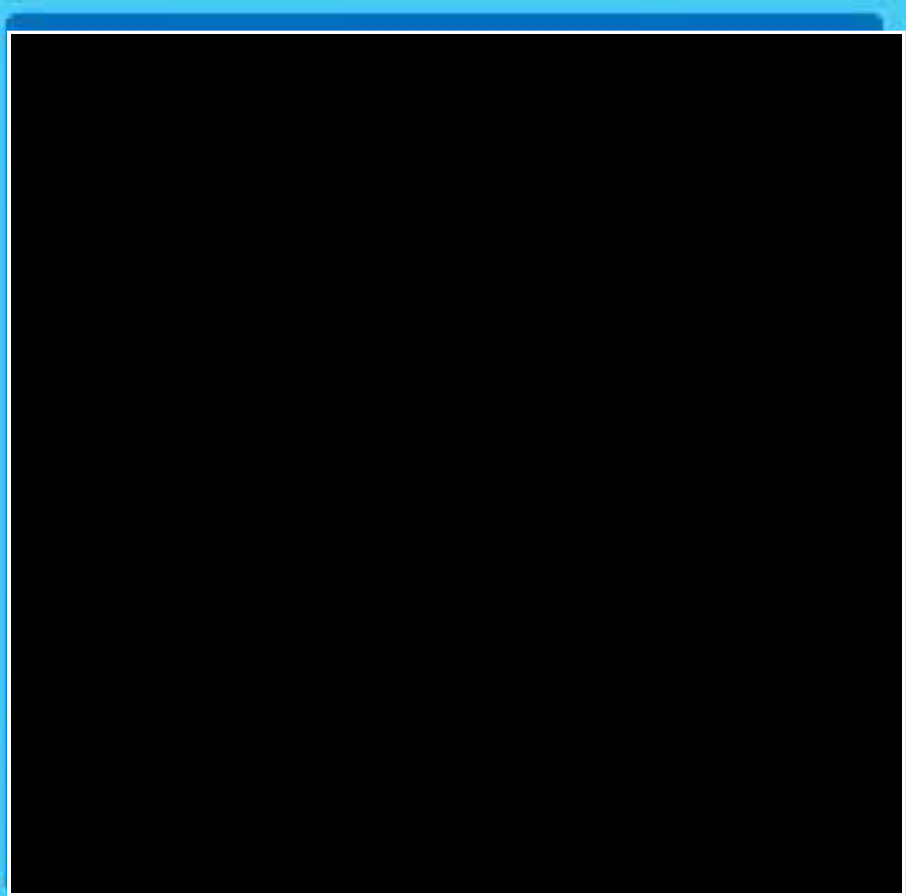
ACCREDITED COMPETENT PERSON G E O L O G I S T

NAME: **EMMANUEL G. DEL ROSARIO**

ACP No.:

PRC ID No.:

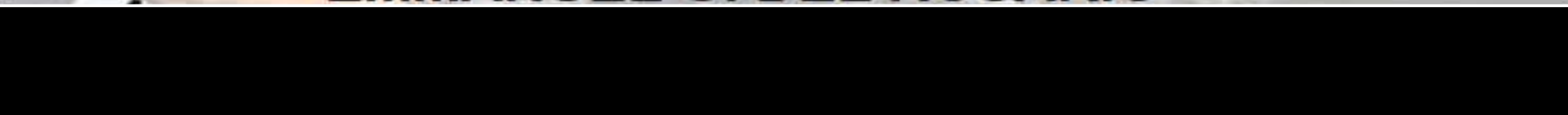
VALID UNTIL:



This is to certify that the person whose name, signature and photo appear in this card is an ACCREDITED COMPETENT PERSON registered under the Competent Person Guidelines of the Geological Society of the Philippines and the Philippine Mineral Reporting Code.



EMMANUEL G. DEL ROSARIO



CICERON A. ANGELES, JR.

Chair

Competent Person Accreditation Committee

KEVIN L. GARAS, PhD

President

Geological Society of the Philippines



If found, kindly: email_contact@pmrcc.org.ph or write message to <https://www.facebook.com/groups/214314442796925>.

Email: mrcc@geolsocphil.org
<https://www.geolsocphil.com>



ACCREDITED COMPETENT PERSON CERTIFICATE

The **GEOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF THE PHILIPPINES (GSP)**

hereby certifies that

EMMANUEL G. DEL ROSARIO

ACP Registration No.: [REDACTED]

is a current and active Accredited Competent Person in Geology (“ACP – Geology”) as prescribed by the Philippine Mineral Reporting Code 2020 Edition since July 10, 2025, who agrees to be bound by the Code of Ethics for Geologists, and holds this accreditation until [REDACTED]

Issued on this 20th day of January 2026.

[REDACTED]
CICERON A. ANGELES, Jr.

Chairperson

GSP - Mineral Reporting Code Committee

[REDACTED]
KEVIN I. GARAS, PhD

President, GSP





OFFICIAL RECEIPT

Republic of the Philippines

Municipality

Accountable Form No. 51
Revised January, 1992

ORIGINAL

DATE
01/19/2020

No. **NV**

PAYOR

EMANUEL DEL ROSARIO

NATURE OF COLLECTION	FUND AND ACCOUNT CODE	AMOUNT
PTR-Other Profession		₱ 330.00
BILLING NO: 2026-1-273 / GEOLOGIST		₱ 330.00

AMOUNT IN WORDS
****Three Hundred Thirty Pesos and 00/100 Only****

- Received
- Cash
 - Treasury Warrant
 - Check
 - Money Order

Received the Amount Stated Above.

Treasury Warrant, Check, Money Order Number

1000201036

Date of Treasury Warrant, Check, Money Order

DESIREE O. DE GUZMAN

Collecting Officer

Note: Write the number and date of this receipt on the back of treasury warrant, check or money order received.

Annex F

**REGISTRATION AND VOTING REQUIREMENTS AND PROCEDURE
(2026 Annual Stockholder's Meeting of OceanaGold (Philippines), Inc.)**

A. CONDUCT OF THE MEETING. – The annual meeting of the stockholders (the “Meeting”) of **OCEANAGOLD (PHILIPPINES), INC.** (the “Company” or “OGP”) will be conducted online via the Meeting and Voting Portal (“Portal”) and in person to be presided at the Company’s principal office address at Didipio Mine, Didipio, Kasibu, Nueva Vizcaya on 15 June 2026, at 10:00 a.m. Pursuant to the Revised Corporation Code’s Sections 23 and 57, stockholders who participate in the Meeting *in absentia*¹ shall be deemed present for quorum purposes.

The dates and time used in this Registration and Voting Requirements and Procedure are all **Philippine time**.

B. RECORD DATE. – Only stockholders of record at the close of business on **15 April 2026** (“Record Date”) are entitled to participate in and vote at the Meeting.

C. NOTICE OF MEETING AND OTHER DOCUMENTS. – The Information Statement (SEC Form IS-20) and its attachments, minutes of the previous meeting of stockholders, and other documents related to the Meeting, are available at <https://didipiomine.com.ph/annual-general-meetings/>.

D. REGISTRATION. – Stockholders intending to participate in the Meeting must complete the registration form (“Registration Form”) and the required attachments, and submit the same to oceana.asm@stocktransfer.com.ph (cc: CorporateSecretaryOGP@oceanagold.com) (“Registration Email”) starting at 9:00 a.m. on 1 May 2026 until 5:00 p.m. on 20 May 2026 (“Registration Period”).

The Registration Form may be accessed via the Company’s website at <https://didipiomine.com.ph/annual-general-meetings/>. The required attachments are as follows:

1. FOR INDIVIDUAL STOCKHOLDERS WITH CERTIFICATED SHARES:

- a. A clear scanned copy of the stockholder’s valid government-issued ID showing the stockholder’s photograph, signature, and other personal details, in JPG, PNG, or PDF format, and with a file size no larger than 12MB. Acceptable IDs include Driver’s License, Passport, Unified Multi-Purpose ID, Professional Regulation Commission ID, Social Security System ID, Pag-IBIG ID, Senior Citizen ID, Voter’s ID, Philippine Identification System ID (“PhilSys ID”), National ID, and Alien Certificate of Registration/Immigration Certificate of Registration.

2. FOR CORPORATE STOCKHOLDERS WITH CERTIFICATED SHARES:

- a. A clear scanned copy of the stockholder’s duly notarized Secretary’s Certificate on the board resolution reflecting the full name of the stockholder’s representative and authorizing such representative to represent, and vote or execute the proxy on behalf of, the stockholder in the Meeting, in JPG, PNG, or PDF format and with a file size no larger than 12MB; and
- b. A clear scanned copy of the valid government-issued ID of the stockholder’s representative showing the representative’s photograph, signature, and other personal details, in JPG, PNG, or PDF format, and with a file size no larger than 12MB. Acceptable IDs include Driver’s License, Passport, Unified Multi-Purpose ID, Professional Regulation Commission ID, Social Security System ID, Pag-IBIG ID, Senior Citizen ID, Voter’s ID, PhilSys ID, Philippine Identification Card, and Alien Certificate of Registration/Immigration Certificate of Registration.

3. FOR INDIVIDUAL STOCKHOLDERS WHO ARE BENEFICIAL OWNERS UNDER A PCD PARTICIPANT / BROKER’S ACCOUNT, OR INDIVIDUAL STOCKHOLDERS WITH SCRIPLESS SHARES

- a. A clear scanned copy in JPG, PNG, or PDF format and with a file size no larger than 12MB of either a: (i) certification issued by the broker or PCD participant indicating the **beneficial owner- stockholder’s name and his/her shareholdings in OGP as of Record Date**, or (ii) sub-proxy issued by the broker or PCD participant to the beneficial owner-stockholder; and

¹ i.e., exercise of the right to vote, without presence in person during the Meeting.

- b. A clear scanned copy of the beneficial owner-stockholder's valid government-issued ID showing the photograph, signature, and other personal details of the individual stockholder, in JPG, PNG, or PDF format, and file size no larger than 12MB. Acceptable IDs include Driver's License, Passport, Unified Multi-Purpose ID, Professional Regulation Commission ID, Social Security System ID, Pag-IBIG ID, Senior Citizen ID, Voter's ID, PhilSys ID, Philippine Identification Card, and Alien Certificate of Registration/Immigration Certificate of Registration.
4. **FOR CORPORATE STOCKHOLDERS UNDER A PCD PARTICIPANT/BROKER'S ACCOUNT, OR CORPORATE STOCKHOLDERS WITH SCRIPLESS SHARES**
- a. A clear scanned copy (in JPG, PNG, or PDF format and with a file size no larger than 12MB of either a: (i) certification issued by the broker or PCD participant indicating the corporate stockholder's name and its shareholdings in OGP as of Record Date (15 April 2026), or (ii) sub-proxy issued by the broker or PCD participant to the corporate stockholder;
 - b. A clear scanned copy of the corporate stockholder's duly notarized Secretary's Certificate (*or its equivalent for corporates registered or incorporated in jurisdictions other than the Philippines*) on the board resolution reflecting the full name of the corporate stockholder's individual representative authorized and authorizing such representative to represent, and vote or execute the proxy on behalf of, the corporate stockholder in the Meeting, in JPG, PNG, or PDF format, and with a file size no larger than 12MB; and
 - c. A clear scanned copy of the valid government-issued ID of the corporate stockholder's representative showing the individual representative's photograph, signature, and other personal details, in JPG, PNG, or PDF format, and with a file size no larger than 12MB. Acceptable IDs include Driver's License, Passport, Unified Multi-Purpose ID, Professional Regulation Commission ID, Social Security System ID, Pag-IBIG ID, Senior Citizen ID, Voter's ID, PhilSys ID, Philippine Identification Card, and Alien Certificate of Registration/Immigration Certificate of Registration.
5. **FOR STOCKHOLDERS WITH JOINT ACCOUNTS UNDER A PCD PARTICIPANT / BROKER'S ACCOUNT OR JOINT ACCOUNT HOLDERS UNDER A BROKER'S ACCOUNT WITH SCRIPLESS SHARES**
- a. A clear scanned copy in JPG, PNG, or PDF format and with a file size no larger than 12MB of either a: (i) certification issued by the broker indicating all the joint account holders'/stockholders' names/identities and their shareholdings in OGP as of Record Date) or (ii) sub- proxy executed by the broker or PCD participant in favor of the representative designated by all the joint account holders;
 - b. An authorization letter duly signed by all joint account holders/stockholders (or their duly- authorized representatives through a notarized Secretary's Certificates for corporate stockholders) on the board resolution indicating their designated representative who shall be authorized to participate in the Meeting, in JPG, PNG, or PDF format, and with a file size no larger than 12MB. The designated representative may be one of the joint account holders/stockholders; and
 - c. Clear scanned copies of the joint stockholders' and authorized representative's valid government- issued ID with the photographs, signatures, and other personal details, in JPG, PNG, or PDF format and with a file size no larger than 12MB. Acceptable IDs include Driver's License, Passport, Unified Multi-Purpose ID, Professional Regulation Commission ID, Social Security System ID, Pag-IBIG ID, Senior Citizen ID, Voter's ID, PhilSys ID, Philippine Identification Card, and Alien Certificate of Registration/Immigration Certificate of Registration.

Deficiencies or inconsistencies in the information provided to OGP will result in a failed attempt to register and will render the account holder ineligible to participate in the Meeting. Stockholders should ensure that the authority granted in the relevant board resolution as set out in the Secretary's Certificate (or its equivalent if executed outside the Philippines) is specific and complete, and if the Secretary's Certificate (or its equivalent if executed outside the Philippines) is executed outside the Philippines, it should be consularized or apostilled.

E. REGISTRATION PROPER – Registrants who have submitted the Registration Form with complete requirements within the Registration Period will receive an email notice through the email address provided in the Registration Form confirming registration ("Verification Email"). The Verification Email will also provide the link to the Portal together with **Control Number** for voting and instructions on the use of the Portal.

Registered stockholders have the sole responsibility of safekeeping their Control Number, and must not disclose it to others. In case the Control Number is lost, the registered stockholder must email the Registration Email. While OGP shall

endeavor to take all reasonable steps to generate replacements of Control Number, OGP cannot in any way guarantee that it will be able to do so in a timely manner.

Registrants who do not receive a Verification Email within three (3) business days from submission of complete requirements should send a follow-up email to the Registration Email.

F. VOTING

1. Stockholders may vote using any of the following methods:
 - a. by appointing OGP's Chairman as their proxy. Duly accomplished proxies must be submitted to the Registration Email no later than 5:00 p.m. on 5 June 2026 (but prior to voting on the Portal). The appointment of OGP's Chairman as proxy may be revoked by emailing the Registration Email any time prior to 5:00 p.m. on 5 June 2026. Proxies may no longer be revoked after 5:00 p.m. on 5 June 2026.
 - b. by appointing any representative as their proxy. Duly accomplished proxies must be submitted to the Registration Email no later than 5:00 p.m. on 5 June 2026 (but prior to voting on the Portal). The appointment of a representative as proxy may be revoked by emailing the Registration Email any time prior to 5:00 p.m. on 5 June 2026. Proxies may no longer be revoked after 5:00 p.m. on 5 June 2026.
 - c. by voting *in absentia* through the Portal. The option to vote *in absentia* through the Portal will be made available after stockholder's receipt of the Verification Email. Stockholders are allowed to cast their votes *in absentia* from 9:00 a.m. on 23 May 2026 until 5:00 p.m. on 12 June 2026.
 - d. by voting *in person* on 15 June 2026 at the Company's principal address where the Meeting will be held. Voting will open from 8:00 a.m. until the end of voting for each proposed resolution at the Meeting.

The Proxy Form is available at <https://didipiomine.com.ph/annual-general-meetings/>.

2. OGP's Corporate Secretary and her designated assistants will tabulate votes received. An external auditor will validate the voting results.
3. The Corporate Secretary will report the preliminary results of the voting during the Meeting. The final results, as validated by an independent third party assurance provider, will be indicated in the minutes of the Meeting.

G. MEETING PROPER

1. The Meeting's live webcast will be broadcasted through the Portal provided to stockholders who have received the Verification Email.
2. During the Meeting, each of the proposed resolutions will be shown on the screen as the relevant agenda item is taken up. Stockholders may send questions or comments pertaining to any item on the Meeting's agenda through the Portal from 9:00 a.m. on 23 May 2026 until 5:00 p.m. on 12 June 2026, and during the Meeting.
3. The Corporate Secretary shall report the preliminary tally of votes received and inform the stockholders if a particular resolution has been carried or disapproved. The total number of votes cast for all items for approval, as of 5:00 p.m. on 12 June 2026, shall be flashed on the screen. The final voting results, as validated by an independent third party assurance provider, will be reflected in the minutes of the Meeting.
4. The Meeting proceedings will be recorded in audio format. The Meeting's recording will be accessible at <https://didipiomine.com.ph/annual-general-meetings/>.

H. OTHER MATTERS

1. **Data Privacy** - Each individual stockholder's (or the corporate stockholder's representative's) personal data will be collected, stored, processed and used exclusively for purpose of conducting the Meeting. Personal data will be processed and retained in accordance with the Data Privacy Act of 2012 and applicable regulations. The detailed data privacy policy of OGP may be accessed through its website.
2. For any questions on these guidelines, please contact the following:

Corporate Secretary

Email Address: CorporateSecretaryOGP@oceanagold.com

Contact No. +63 78 362 1026

Investor Relations

Email Address: DidipioMine.IR@oceanagold.com

Contact No.+63 78 362 1026

Stock Transfer Agent

Email Address: jpobrigue@stocktransfer.com.ph

Contact No. +63 2 8403 2410

Annex G

Republic of the Philippines}
Makati City, Metro Manila} S.S


SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

I, KARINA P. DULINAYAN, of legal age, Filipino, and with office address at the Didipio Mine, Didipio, Kasibu, Nueva Vizcaya, Philippines, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law, depose and certify that:

1. I am the duly appointed and incumbent Corporate Secretary of OceanaGold (Philippines), Inc. (the "Corporation"), a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the Republic of the Philippines, with principal office address at Didipio Mine, Didipio, Kasibu, Nueva Vizcaya, Philippines;
2. I hereby certify that no director or officer is employed with any government agency or its instrumentality¹; and
3. The foregoing is in accordance with the records of the Corporation in my custody.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto affixed my signature this 30th day of April 2026 ay Makati City.

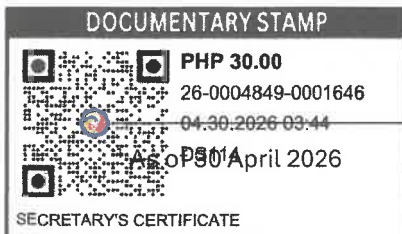

KARINA P. DULINAYAN
Corporate Secretary

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before this 30th day of April 2026 , affiant exhibiting to me her 

NOTARY PUBLIC


JOHN OLIVER T. REAL
Notary Public for Makati City
Appointment No. M-498 until Dec. 31, 2026

Doc. No. 101
Page No. 22
Book No. 1
Series of 2026



RRS-2026-000292